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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION FIRST NAMED INVENTOR APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE U013417-6 7019 06/13/2001 Yoshihiro Ishizaki 09/880,604 EXAMINER 7590 04/06/2004 PATEL, NIHIR B Ladas & Parry 26 West 61st Street ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER New York, NY 10023 3743

DATE MAILED: 04/06/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	09/880,604	ISHIZAKI, YOSHIHIRO
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Nihir Patel	3743
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on Marc.	h 25 th , 2004.	
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is		
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	i3 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
 4) Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 2-4,12,13 and 16-18 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,5-11,15 and 21-23 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 23 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 		
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	
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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., a singular sheet-like holding base) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

The rejection of claim 15 under 35 USC 112, second paragraph, for lack of antecedent basis to the claimed "... a ... refrigerator" is based on the fact that claim 15 refers back to claim 1 and there is no mention of a regenerative cryogenic refrigerator in claim 1.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 23 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. Claim 23 states that the granules are metal balls but in claim 21 the applicant has already stated that the granules balls are made from Nd which is considered a metal.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. There is insufficient antecedent basis for limitations "a refrigerator".

It has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. *Ex parte Masham*, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (1987).

The intended use statements are not given any patentable weight in this instance, for example "for a regenerator".

Regarding claims 6 and 21, the phrase "such as" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 10, 11, 21, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spokoyny et al. US Patent No. 5,323,842 in view of Sellin US Patent No. 3,431,082.

Spokoyny discloses the applicant's invention as claimed with the exception of providing numerous granules that are bonded not in contact with each other along a length and over a predetermined width of one or both surfaces of the holding device.

Sellin discloses tube furnace provided with filled bodies that does provide numerous granules that are bonded not in contact with each other along a length and over a predetermined

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width of one or both surfaces of the holding device. Therefore it would be obvious to modify Spokoyny's invention by providing numerous granules that are bonded not in contact with each other along a length and over a predetermined width of one or both surfaces of the holding device in make it easier to replace the granules in case it malfunctions during use.

Referring to claim 1, it has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. *Ex parte Masham*, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (1987).

The intended use statements are not given any patentable weight in this instance for example "for a fluid in a temperature range from 2K to 160K".

Also referring to claims 1 and 22, the applicant states that the granules having a relatively uniform size of 40 to 800 micrometers. The size of the granules is simply a matter of design choice. Further, the examiner request the applicant to submit prior art that comprises regenerator comprising granules having a mean particle size ranging from 40 to 800 micrometers.

Referring to claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spokoyny et al. US Patent No. 5,323,842 in view of admitted prior art in the application (see page 2). The examiner request the applicant to submit prior art that comprises a sheet-type regenerative heat exchanger wherein the granules are made of one or more of an alloy, such as Nd, DyNi2, ER3Ni, ER6Ni2Sn, ErNi0.9Coo.1, Gd5Al2, HOCu2, GdAlO3, and Nd2Fe17Al, magnetic oxide, and a magnetic substance.

Claim 7, 8, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spokoyny et al. US Patent No. 5,323,842 in view of Scarlata US Patent No. 4,355,627.

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Referring to claim 5, Spokoyny discloses the applicant's invention as claimed with the exception of stating the type of material used to design the granules.

Referring to claims 7, 8, and 9, Spokoyny discloses the applicant's invention as claimed with the exception of stating that the holding base is designed from a fiber selected from a fiber selected from the group consisting of paraaramid fiber, high tenacity polyarylate fiber, PBO fiber, polyethylene fiber, polyettrafluorethylene fiber, polyester fiber, polyamid fiber, natural fiber, and glass fiber, and has so small a mesh that the granules do not pass through.

Scarlata discloses thermal storage system that does state that the holding base is designed from a fiber selected from a fiber selected from the group consisting of paraaramid fiber, high tenacity polyarylate fiber, PBO fiber, polyethylene fiber, polytetrafluorethylene fiber, polyester fiber, polyamid fiber, natural fiber, and glass fiber, and has so small a mesh that the granules do not pass through (see column 8 lines 1-10). Therefore it would have been obvious to modify Spokoyny's invention by using a fiber selected from a fiber selected from the group consisting of paraaramid fiber, high tenacity polyarylate fiber, PBO fiber, polyethylene fiber, fiber, polyester fiber, polyamid fiber, natural fiber, and glass fiber, and has so small a mesh that the granules do not pass through in order to provide a strong hold on the granules.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spokoyny et al. US Patent No. 5,323,842 in view of admitted prior art in the application (see page 7). The examiner request the applicant to submit prior art that comprises a sheet-type regenerative heat exchanger wherein the granules are made of Pb-Zn alloy.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spokoyny et al. US Patent No. 5,323,842 in view of admitted prior art in the application (see page 2). The

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examiner request the applicant to submit prior art that comprises a sheet-type regenerative heat exchanger wherein the granules are made of one or more of an alloy, such as Nd, DyNi2, ER3Ni, ER6Ni2Sn, ErNi0.9Coo.1, Gd5Al2, HOCu2, GdAlO3, and Nd2Fe17Al, magnetic oxide, and a magnetic substance.

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communication from the examiner should be directed to Nihir Patel whose telephone number is (703) 306-3463. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:30 am to 4:30 pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful the examiner supervisor Henry Bennett can be reached at (703) 308-0101.

NP

April 1st, 2004

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upervisory Patent Examiner